PROFESSIONAL STAFF HIRING

It shall be the policy of the District to employ and retain the best qualified personnel.

The Board adopts the following general criteria, which shall be utilized in the selection process for initial employment:

- There will be no discrimination in the hiring process due to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, national origin, or disability of an otherwise qualified individual.
- A candidate for secondary school teaching should have a major, minor, or equivalent in the candidate's teaching field. An elementary school candidate should have a major or equivalent in elementary education or in the special area of assignment.
- Candidates for all teaching positions shall be able to deliver quality instruction.
- Each candidate shall provide evidence of meeting state requirements for certification.
- Each candidate shall be requested to complete a consent-and-release form regarding conduct of a background investigation.
- A "background investigation" consisting of communication with the applicant's (or employee's) former employer that concerns education, training, experience, qualifications, and job performance for the purpose of evaluation for employment shall be conducted on each individual to be considered for a recommendation of employment. Forms developed for this purpose are to be used.

Any employee's misstatement of fact that is material to qualifications for employment or the determination of salary shall be considered by the Board to constitute grounds for dismissal.

All offers of employment are contingent upon the satisfactory completion of background investigations.

A person not directly involved in the employment decision affecting the specific applicant shall not be permitted unauthorized access to criminal history record information or background information.

Misuse of Criminal History Record Information (CHRI)

Misuse of Criminal History Record Information (CHRI) is defined as using the information for any purpose other than that allowed by state statute or federal code. Any intentional misuse of CHRI may result in a written warning, loss of access to CHRI, administrative leave, termination of employment, or criminal charges (federal and/or local) per the Security Policy of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS). All information from CHRI shall be handled in accordance with CJIS Security Policy, Information Handling (5.1.1.1); and personnel sanctions shall be in accordance with CJIS

Security Policy, Personnel Sanctions (5.12.4). The misuse of CHRI shall be reported to the Department of Public Safety. The specific steps the District will take in the event of intentional misuse of CHRI are delineated in Gadsden Independent School District Board Policy GCQF (G-6100), Discipline, Suspension, Termination and Discharge of Professional Staff Members.

Adopted: date of manual adoption

LEGAL REF.: 22-10A-5 NMSA (1978)

28-1-2 NMSA et seq.



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G-6100 © GCQF

DISCIPLINE, SUSPENSION, TERMINATION AND DISCHARGE OF PROFESSIONAL STAFF MEMBERS

Unless limited by the provisions of a collective bargaining agreement or by other statutory provision, a public employer may:

- direct the work of, hire, promote, assign, transfer, demote, suspend, discharge or terminate public employees;
- determine qualifications for employment and the nature and content of personnel examinations;
- take actions as may be necessary to carry out the mission of the public employer in emergencies; and
- retain all rights not specifically limited by a collective bargaining agreement or by the Public Employee Bargaining Act.

For purposes of this policy:

- "Discharge" means the act of severing the employment relationship with a certificated school employee prior to the expiration of the current employment contract.
- "Terminate" means, in the case of a certificated school employee, the act of not reemploying an employee for the ensuing school year.
- "Working day" means every calendar day, excluding Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.
- "Just cause" means a reason that is rationally related to an employee's competence or turpitude or the proper performance of assigned duties and that is not in violation of the employee's civil or constitutional rights.
- "Administrative leave" means the assignment of an employee to the employee's home to await further instructions pending the outcome of an investigation or inquiry into the actions of the employee in order to avoid interference in the inquiry. The use of "administrative leave" is not a disciplinary action.

Categories of Misconduct

Licensed staff members may be disciplined for infractions that include, but are not limited to, the following categories:

Engaging in unprofessional conduct.

- Committing fraud in securing appointment.
- Exhibiting incompetency in their work.
- Exhibiting inefficiency in their work.
- Exhibiting improper attitudes.
- Neglecting their duties.
- Engaging in acts of insubordination.
- Engaging in acts of child abuse or child molestation.
- Engaging in acts of dishonesty.
- Being under the influence of alcohol while on duty.
- Engaging in the use, possession, or distribution of narcotics or habit-forming drugs.
- Being absent without leave.
- Engaging in discourteous treatment of the public.
- Engaging in improper political activity.
- · Engaging in willful disobedience.
- Being involved in misuse or unauthorized use of school property.
- Being involved in excessive absenteeism.
- Possessing alcohol on school-owned property.
- Carrying or possessing a weapon on school grounds unless they have obtained specific authorization from the appropriate school administrator.
- Engaging in ethical misconduct by inappropriate touching, sexual harassment, discrimination or intended behavior to induce a child into engaging in illegal, immoral or other prohibited behavior.

General Provisions for Discipline

General provisions for discipline are as follows:

• Informal consultation. Nothing contained herein will limit a supervising administrator's prerogative to engage in informal consultation with a licensed employee to discuss matters of concern related to the employee's performance, conduct, et cetera.

- Persons authorized to impose discipline. Any supervising licensed administrator who is the immediate or primary supervisor of a staff member is authorized to impose a penalty or penalties, short of termination.
- Administrative discretion. In adopting these policies/procedures, it is the intention of the District that they be interpreted and applied in a reasonable fashion. The policies are not intended to restrict or eliminate the discretion traditionally afforded to supervising administrators to determine whether discipline is appropriate. Administrators are therefore directed to continue to use reasonable discretion in determining whether a particular alleged violation merits discipline.
- Right not to impose discipline. The District reserves the right not to discipline a staff member for conduct that violates this policy.
- Additional reasons for discipline. A staff member may be disciplined for conduct that has occurred but that, at or near the time of misconduct, was not the subject of or identified as a reason for a specific proceeding under this policy.
- Amendments. The District reserves the right to amend this policy in any way at any time. Any amendment shall have prospective application only.
- Severability. If any provision of this policy is held to be invalid for any reason, such action shall not invalidate the remainder of this policy. If any provision of this policy conflicts with any provisions in any other policies adopted by the District, the provisions of this policy shall prevail.

Minor Discipline

Minor disciplinary action includes, without limitation thereto, removal from grounds, written warning, written reprimand, or suspension. Minor disciplinary action shall be imposed by the staff member's administrative supervisor upon informing the employee of any violations of state or federal statutes, policies, rules or the New Mexico code of ethics and offering a minimum due process hearing and opportunity to express the employee's side of the issue before implementing the disciplinary action. The disciplinary action shall be confirmed in writing to the employee. The discipline may only be appealed to the next level of administration. The hearing procedure shall be as follows.

Step 1 - Notice:

- Upon the supervising administrator's determination of the existence of cause to impose discipline, the supervising administrator shall notify the staff member of intent to impose discipline. The notice shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person or by first-class mail. The notice shall include the following:
 - The conduct or omission on the part of the staff member that constitutes the reason for discipline.

- A scheduled meeting time between the supervising administrator and the staff member. Such meeting shall be scheduled not more than ten (10) working days after the date the licensed staff member receives the notice.
- A statement of the disciplinary action the supervising administrator intends to impose.
- Copies of any available relevant documentation, at the discretion of the supervising administrator.

Step 2 - Hearing:

- At the hearing, the supervising administrator shall discuss with the staff member the conduct that warrants disciplinary action and shall provide the staff member with any appropriate evidence and a copy of relevant documentation if not previously provided.
- The supervising administrator shall conduct the hearing in an informal manner, without adherence to the rules of evidence and procedure required in judicial proceedings.
- A record of the hearing shall be made by electronic recordation.

Step 3 - Decision (in writing):

 At the hearing, or within seven (7) working days following the hearing, the supervising administrator shall, in writing, inform the licensed staff member of the decision. If the decision is to impose discipline, written notice of the discipline shall be enclosed.

Appeal of Minor Discipline

A staff member who wishes to object to a minor disciplinary action shall submit a written complaint to the supervisor's superior within five (5) work days of receiving notice of the disciplinary action. Failure to request the hearing in the time frame indicated will be considered acceptance of the discipline imposed. The appeal shall specifically describe the part of the determination with which the staff member disagrees, such as:

- Determination was founded upon error of construction or application of any pertinent regulations or policies.
- · Determination was unsupported by any evidence as disclosed by the entire record.
- Determination was materially affected by unlawful procedure.
- Determination was based on violation of any statutory or constitutional right.
- Determination was arbitrary and capricious.
- The penalty was excessive.

The appeal shall be based on the record of the hearing. The supervising administrator, the Superintendent, or, when appropriate, the Board may, at the conclusion of the appeal, uphold the discipline, modify the decision, or refer the matter back to the level from which it was appealed for rehearing and additional information. Such decision, along with specific direction as to the effective date of any discipline, shall be communicated to the staff member within a reasonable amount of time following the appeal, not to exceed seven (7) working days. The decision upon appeal is final for all minor disciplinary actions.

Termination Pursuant to 22-10A-24 NMSA (1978)

The following procedures will be used to impose any termination permitted under 22-10A-24 NMSA (1978) except that it does not apply to:

- A certificated instructor employed to fill the position of a certificated school instructor entering military service;
- · A person who is employed as a certificated school administrator; or
- A non-certificated school employee employed to perform primarily District-wide management.

Step 1 - Notice:

- Upon the Superintendent's determination of the existence of cause to terminate, and not later than fourteen (14) days prior to the last day of the school year, the Superintendent shall notify the staff member of intent to terminate. The notice shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person or by first-class mail to the last address provided for personnel records. The notice shall include the following:
 - The statement that the employee has the right to request written reasons for the decision to terminate and such reasons shall be provided within ten working days of such request.
- The reasons shall not be publicly disclosed by the administration or Board. For an employee of less than three (3) consecutive years of service the decision to terminate is not contestable under the School Personnel Act.
 - For employees with three (3) or more years of service the following appeal procedure shall apply (consult your attorney to determine what constitutes three (3) or more years of service under New Mexico law.)

Step 2-4 - Appeal Requirements and Content:

• Termination may be appealed to the Board by a professional staff employee with three (3) or more consecutive years of service by making a request to the Superintendent within five (5) working days of the date of receipt of the notice of termination requesting a meeting with the Board.

- The appeal shall be granted if the employee responds to the Superintendent in writing within ten (10) working days of receiving the reasons for termination with the following information:
 - A statement of contention that the employee believes the decision is without just cause.
 - A brief statement of the reason(s) why the staff member believes the decision is without just cause.
 - A statement of the facts that the employee believes support this contention.

Step 5 - Appeal Procedure:

- The Board shall meet to hear the employee's statement in no less than five (5) or more than fifteen (15) working days after receipt of the statement.
- The hearing shall be conducted informally in accordance with the provisions of the Open Meeting Act.
 - Hearing Procedure:
 - ▲ The employee and the Superintendent may each be accompanied by a person of their choice.
 - ▲ The Superintendent shall present the factual basis for determination that just cause exists for the termination, limited to the reasons provided to the employee.
 - ▲ The employee shall present contentions, limited to the reason(s) why the licensed staff member believes the decision is without just cause.
 - A Rebuttal to the employee's presentation may be presented as deemed relevant by the Board.
 - A Witnesses called may be questioned by the Board, the Superintendent or an appointed representative, and the employee or an appointed representative.
 - ▲ The Board may consider only such evidence as is presented at the hearing and need consider only such evidence as it considers reliable.
 - ▲ No record shall be made of the hearing.
 - The Board shall take such action as is necessary in accordance with the Open Meeting Act to uphold or deny the recommendation to terminate. The Board shall notify the employee and the Superintendent of its decision in writing within five (5) working days from the conclusion of the meeting.

Termination - Arbitration Appeal Pursuant to 22-10A-25 NMSA (1978)

An employee still aggrieved by a decision of the Board may appeal the decision to an arbitrator by doing the following:

- Submitting a written appeal to the Superintendent within five (5) working days from receipt of the Board's written decision or refusal to grant a hearing on the issue of termination.
- Accompanying the written appeal shall be a statement of particulars specifying the grounds on which it is contended that the decision was impermissible pursuant to subsection E of Section 22-10A-24 NMSA (1978).
- Including in the contentions a statement of facts supporting the contentions.

Failure of the employee to submit a timely appeal or a statement of particulars with the appeal shall disqualify the employee for any appeal and render the Board's decision on termination final.

If the arbitration appeal is timely and complete, the Board and the employee shall meet within ten (10) working days from the receipt of the request for an appeal and select an independent arbitrator, qualified in accord with the applicable statute, to conduct the appeal. If the parties fail to agree on an arbitrator, they shall request the presiding judge in the judicial district in which the employee's public school is located to select an independent arbitrator within five (5) working days of the date of the request.

A de novo (new) hearing shall be conducted within thirty (30) working days of selection of the independent arbitrator. The arbitrator shall give written notice of the date, time and place of the hearing, sending such notice to the employee and Board.

The parties shall be provided a copy of the relevant portion of this policy which shall include:

- Discovery shall be limited to depositions and requests for production of documents on a time schedule to be established by the arbitrator.
- The arbitrator may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and to produce books, records, documents and other evidence at the request of either party and has the power to administer oaths. Subpoenas issued shall be served and enforced in the manner provided by law for the service and enforcement of subpoenas in a civil action or in the manner provided by the American Arbitration Association's voluntary labor arbitration rules if that entity is used by the parties.
- The Board shall be required to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that just cause to discharge the employee existed at the time of the notice of intent to discharge the employee by the administration.

• Hearing Procedure:

- The employee and the Board may each be accompanied by counsel.
- The Board shall present the basis for determination that just cause exists for the discharge.
- The employee shall present reason(s) why the recommendation is without just cause.
- Either party shall be permitted to call witnesses and to introduce documentary evidence.
- Witnesses called may be questioned by the Board or a representative, and the employee or a representative.
- Technical rules of evidence shall not apply, but, in ruling on the admissibility of evidence, the independent arbitrator may require reasonable substantiation of the statements or records tendered, the accuracy of truth of which is in reasonable doubt.
- A record shall be made of the hearing and each party may order the record at the expense of the party.
- The arbitrator shall notify the employee and the Board of the decision in writing within ten (10) working days from the conclusion of the arbitration hearing. The decision shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law affirming or reversing the action of the Board.

The parties shall be guided by the statute and arbitrator as to the conduct of the hearing, each party bearing its own costs. The arbiter's fees and other expenses in the conduct of the arbitration shall be assigned at the discretion of the independent arbitrator.

No official record shall be made of the proceeding but the party desiring a record may arrange for a record, paying the expense.

Discharge per 22-10A-27 NMSA (1978)

A certificated employee may be discharged only for just cause following procedures as indicated below:

Notice:

• Upon the Superintendent's determination of the existence of cause to discharge, the Superintendent shall notify the licensed staff member of intent to recommend discharge. The notice shall state the cause for the recommendation and shall advise the employee of a right to a discharge hearing before the Board.

• The notice shall be in writing and shall be provided in accordance with the law for service of process in civil actions.

Employee's Request for Hearing:

- An employee who receives notice of intent to recommend discharge may exercise the right to a hearing before the Board by giving the Superintendent written notice of that election within five (5) working days of receipt of the notice of recommendation.
- The Board shall hold a discharge hearing no less than twenty (20) and no more than forty (40) working days after the receipt of the staff member's election of a hearing.

Preliminary Information

- At least ten (10) days written notice of the date, time and place of the discharge hearing shall be provided to the employee with such notice in the same form as used in civil proceedings. The notice shall indicate the following:
 - Both the Superintendent and the certificated school employee may be accompanied by a person of their choice.
 - Each party is to complete and respond to discovery by deposition and production of documents prior to the hearing date established.
 - The Board may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and to produce books, records, documents and other evidence at the request of either party and has the power to administer oaths.
 - The administration shall be required to prove by preponderance of the evidence that just cause to discharge the certificated employee existed at the time of the notice of intent to discharge.
 - Procedure for the conduct of the hearing shall be as follows:
 - ▲ The Superintendent shall present the factual basis for determination that just cause exists for the termination based upon information available at the time the employee was given notice of the intent to discharge.
 - ▲ The employee shall present reason(s) why the recommendation is without just cause.
 - ▲ Either party shall be permitted to call witnesses and to introduce documentary evidence.
 - ▲ Witnesses called may be questioned by the Superintendent or an appointed representative, and the employee or an appointed representative.

- ▲ The Board may consider only such evidence as is presented at the hearing and need consider only such evidence as it considers reliable.
- A record shall be made of the hearing and each party may have one (1) copy of the record at the expense of the Board.
- The Board shall notify the employee and the Superintendent of its decision in writing within twenty (20) days from the conclusion of the hearing. The Board shall take such action as is necessary in accordance with the Open Meeting Act.

Discharge - Arbitration Appeal Pursuant to 22-10A-27 NMSA (1978)

An employee aggrieved by a decision of the Board to discharge may appeal the decision to an arbitrator by doing the following: Submitting a written appeal to the Superintendent within five (5) calendar days from receipt of the notice of discharge by the Board to the employee.

If the arbitration appeal is timely the Board and the employee shall meet within ten (10) working days from the receipt of the request for an appeal and select an independent arbitrator, qualified in accord with the applicable statute, to conduct the appeal. If the parties fail to agree on an arbitrator, they shall request the presiding judge in the judicial district in which the employee's public school is located to select an independent arbitrator within five (5) working days of the date of the request.

The hearing shall be conducted within thirty (30) working days of selection of the independent arbitrator. The arbitrator shall give written notice of the date, time and place of the hearing, sending such notice to the employee and Board.

The parties shall be provided a copy of the relevant portion of this policy which shall include:

- Discovery shall be limited to depositions and requests for production of documents on a time schedule to be established by the arbitrator.
- The arbitrator may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and to produce books, records, documents and other evidence at the request of either party and has the power to administer oaths. Subpoenas issued shall be served and enforced in the manner provided by law for the service and enforcement of subpoenas in a civil action or in the manner provided by the American Arbitration Association's voluntary labor arbitration rules if that entity is used by the parties.
- The Board shall be required to prove by preponderance of the evidence that just cause to discharge the certificated employee existed at the time of the notice of intent to discharge the employee by the administration.

• Hearing Procedure:

- The employee and the Board may each be accompanied by counsel.
- The Board shall present the basis for determination that just cause exists for the discharge.
- The employee shall present reason(s) why the recommendation is without just cause.
- Either party shall be permitted to call witnesses and to introduce documentary evidence.
- Witnesses called may be questioned by the Board or a representative, and the employee or a representative.
- Technical rules of evidence shall not apply, but, in ruling on the admissibility of evidence, the independent arbitrator may require reasonable substantiation of the statements or records tendered, the accuracy of truth of which is in reasonable doubt.
- A record shall be made of the hearing and each party may order the record at the expense of the party.
- The arbitrator shall notify the employee and the Board of the decision in writing within thirty (30) working days from the conclusion of the arbitration hearing. The decision shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law affirming or reversing the action of the Board.

Each party shall bear its own costs.

Additional Provisions and Conditions

During the pendency of any hearing, neither the licensed staff member nor the supervising administrator shall contact the Superintendent or a Board member to discuss the merits of the supervising administrator's recommendation except as provided by this policy.

This policy addresses only discipline, termination or discharge and has no application to any of the following:

- Letters or memorandums directed to a licensed staff member containing directives or instructions for future conduct.
- Counseling of a licensed staff member concerning expectations of future conduct.
- Placing an employee on administrative leave with pay and assignment of the employee to home during work hours in order to conclude a review of the employee's actions or activities pending an administrative recommendation.

The Board shall file annually a record with the Secretary of Education of all terminations and all actions arising from terminations.

Adopted: date of manual adoption

LEGAL REF.: 10-7E-1 to 10-7E-26 NMSA (1978) Public Employee

Bargaining Act

10-15-1 NMSA (1978) Open Meeting Act

22-10A-5 NMSA (1978)

22-10A-24 NMSA (1978)

22-10A-25 NMSA (1978)

22-10A-26 NMSA (1978)

22-10A-27 NMSA (1978) Discharge hearing; procedures

22-10A-28 NMSA (1978) Appeals; independent arbitrator; qualifications; procedure; binding decision

22-10A-29 NMSA (1978) Compensation payments to discharged personnel

22-10A-30 NMSA (1978) Supervision and correction procedures

22-10A-31 NMSA (1978) Denial, suspension and revocation of licenses

22-10A-32 NMSA (1978) Licensed school employees; required training program

6.60.9.9 NMAC Standards of Professional Conduct

6.60.9.12 NMAC Reporting Requirements

6.67.2.8 NMAC Notice of reemployment or termination of licensed personnel

CROSS REF.: DKA - Payroll Procedures/Schedules

GBEB - Staff Conduct